

Talking to Busy People

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Antipatterns (you know these)

- too much tiny text
- expecting things to go perfectly
- audience mismatch
- over-narration, meta-talking
- fully scripted
- (don't run out of battery)





Option 1

I want to update the professor* on progress of my final project**

* parent, boss, advisor, VP ** essay, chores, proposal, prototype, code, thesis

Option 2

I want the professor to endorse our decision to focus the project on topic A so we can complete it on time and satisfy the requirements.

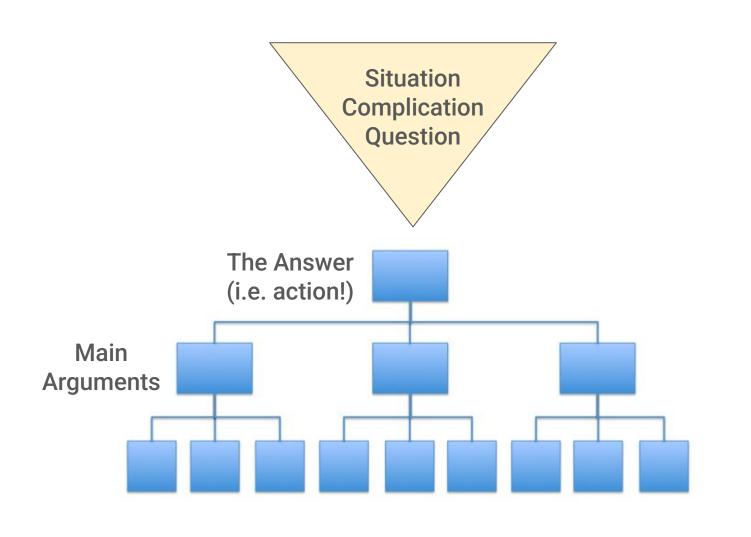
Greater specificity
Action oriented
Defined outcome

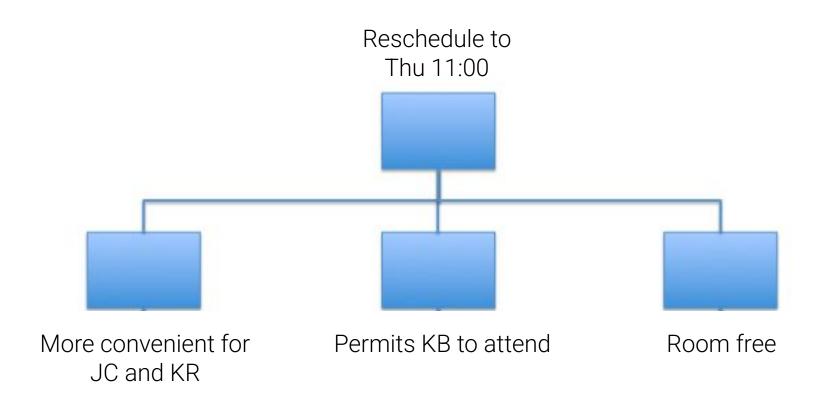
Introductions should tell a story and lead to one question

- 1. Limit the introduction to what the reader will agree is true.
- 2. Anchors the reader in a specific time and place.
- 3. Always put historical chronology in the introduction.

Every (business) story ever told: Situation, Complication, Question, Answer

- Situation What are we talking about?
- Complication Why are we talking about it? Why now?
- Question One question only!
- Answer What's the key point?



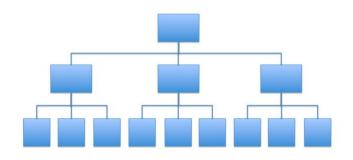


1: Start with the answer first

What should we do? \rightarrow "You should do X"

- Executives are busy and impatient
- Executives think in a top-down manner
- You are more persuasive when you are direct

2: Group and summarize your supporting arguments



- Audience will group and summarize your arguments, with or without you
- Ideas should always form a pyramid under a single thought (i.e. your answer)
- Ideas at any level must always be summaries of the ideas grouped below them



Because I'm a bird, I fly

ľm a bird.

Birds fly.

bird. Therefore I can fly.

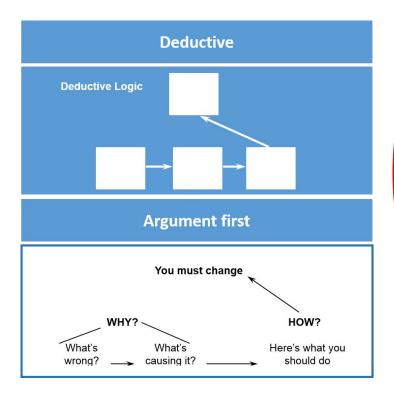


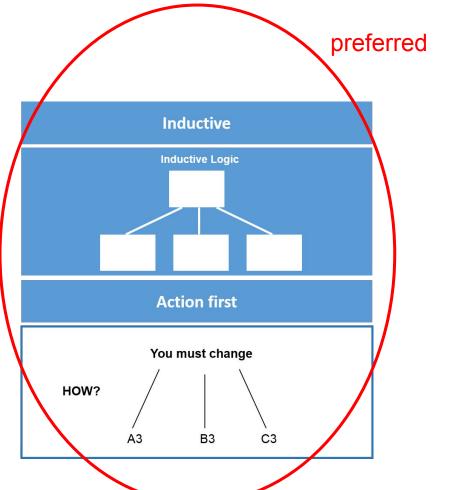
Sumo wrestlers are strong.

hey trai a lot.

y eat a lot.

They often compete.

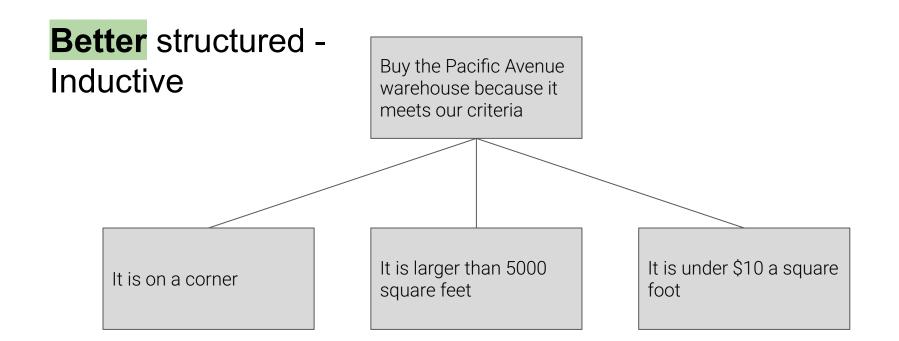




We use three criteria to judge whether to buy the warehouse Buy the Pacific Avenue warehouse This building meets those criteria Therefore, buy

В

В



The plan for this session...



Update on Cookie Theft landscape: context on the business problem for Google



Goals for 2H2021: how teams x-Google are aligning



Key investments & opportunities to accelerate: key bets to make it uneconomical for attackers

Today's session will be 30 mins

What's wrong with this exec summary?

- Why are we talking about this?
- What's the problem?
- What's the answer?

Since last we spoke in March

Cookie Theft Landscape

Attack volume growing further

Commoditization

Scaled attacks, e.g. Ads incident

What's Going Well

Tactical fighting with PAs

(*) We have a separate update on coverage/incident mgmt

Begin to track takeover chain end-to-end

AV vendors engaged

Risk-based detection on track

Tailoring protections for product teams

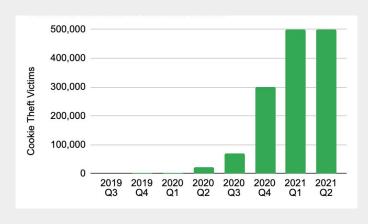
Since last we spoke in March

Current state: Strategy correct, but attacks grew further & require tactical fighting in the meantime

How might we go faster?

- Accelerate ongoing efforts by doing X
- Set Y boundaries on tactical fighting
- Invest in long-term initiative Z

Ongoing tactical fighting, ~1 incident / quarter



^{*} Cookie theft victim & monetary impact detection may be biased or incomplete.

The busy executive's thought process

At their level, almost everything is a trust and leadership problem. They either trust you to get it done or change leadership. Do it themselves is not an option.



Common patterns

- 1. Action Plan
- 2. Explain "How to" e.g. solve a problem
- 3. Pitch, Seek Approval
- 4. Choosing among alternatives
- 5. Updates red / yellow / green

Further Reading

- 1. Barbara Minto, "The Minto Pyramid Principle: Logic in Writing, Thinking, & Problem Solving". Website
- Davina Stanley and Gerard Castles, "The So What Strategy: Introducing Classic Storylines That Answer One of the Most Uncomfortable Questions in Business". Website.